## S.W.O.T. ANALYSIS

## for Mediation

S.W.O.T. Analysis allows you to see your case for what it is - its strengths, its weaknesses, its options and its truths. These are the bare facts of your case, devoid of emotions, personalities, client demands, your personal thoughts and other subjective factors that create noise and interfere with solid decision making.

## PART I: STRENGTHS AND WEAKNESSES

Indicate whether the listed item is a *Strength* or *Weakness* of your client's case. Leave blank if not applicable. Incorporate additional elements into your S.W.O.T. Analysis that are specific to the facts and circumstances of the case.

	Venue	Strength	Weakness
2.	Demographics	Strength	☐ Weakness
3.	Right to jury trial	Strength	☐ Weakness
4.	Right to arbitration	Strength	☐ Weakness
5.	Professional background of presiding judge(s)/arbitrator(s)	Strength	■ Weakness
6.	Temperament of presiding judge(s)/arbitrator(s)	Strength	■ Weakness
7.	Opposing counsel's experience	Strength	☐ Weakness
8.	Opposing counsel's demeanor	Strength	■ Weakness
9.	Client's reputation in community	Strength	■ Weakness
10.	Fact finder's perception of client	Strength	■ Weakness
11.	Witness credibility	Strength	■ Weakness
12.	Relevant facts	Strength	■ Weakness
13.	Applicable law	Strength	■ Weakness
14.	Daubert/Frye scrutiny of expert witness(es)	Strength	■ Weakness
15.	Client's financial resources	Strength	■ Weakness
16.	Balance of power between parties	Strength	■ Weakness
17.	Litigation costs	Strength	■ Weakness
18.	Creation of bad precedent	Strength	■ Weakness
19.	Resolved dispositive motions	Strength	■ Weakness
20.	Resolved motions in limine	Strength	■ Weakness
21.	Other resolved motions	Strength	☐ Weakness
22.	Collectability of judgment	Strength	☐ Weakness
23.	Client sophistication	Strength	☐ Weakness
Ad	ditional STRENGTHS:		

Additional WEAKNESSES:						
Now that you have clearly identified the relative Strengths and Weaknesses of your client's case, you should outline your client's opportunities to avoid extreme results as the dispute moves forward.						
PART II: OPTIONS  Indicate whether the listed item is an <i>Option</i> available to your client. Add <i>Options</i> your client should consider to achieve the most favorable outcome.						
1. Are there motions your client can file to change the complexion of the case?	☐ Yes ☐ No					
2. Are there steps your client can take to alter the time to completion of the case?	☐ Yes ☐ No					
3. Have you identified themes that are likely to resonate with the fact finder?	☐ Yes ☐ No					
4. Does your client require confidentiality to protect its reputation?	☐ Yes ☐ No					
5. Are there measures available to emphasize or avoid relevant but embarrassing topics?	☐ Yes ☐ No					
6. Are there alternatives to the one-time exchange of money such as payments over time or the ability to discount future transactions?	☐ Yes ☐ No					
7. Are certain settlement terms <i>only</i> available through mediation?	☐ Yes ☐ No					
Additional OPTIONS available to your client:						
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Next examine the list of Strengths and Weaknesses you identified in the first section. Are the opponent has not yet accepted as Truth? Are there any Weaknesses that your client has not yet						
PART III: TRUTHS  Identify every <i>Truth</i> about the dispute which must be accepted for the parties to make reast decisions at mediation. Add <i>Truths</i> your opponent or your client should confront to resolve the						
1. Is the trial/hearing outcome reasonably predictable?	☐ Yes ☐ No					
2. Is your client facing an all-or-nothing outcome at trial/hearing?	☐ Yes ☐ No					
3. Do you know how the presiding judge(s)/arbitrator(s) have ruled in similar cases?	☐ Yes ☐ No					
4. Do any key witnesses have an admissible criminal record?	☐ Yes ☐ No					
5. Does your client's organizational structure make quick decisions difficult?	☐ Yes ☐ No					
6. Will the complexity of the case overwhelm the fact finder?	☐ Yes ☐ No					
7. Is your client able to prove each element of every claim or defense?	☐ Yes ☐ No					
8. Is your client concerned about contribution, indemnity or subrogation claims?	☐ Yes ☐ No					
9. Are there any lien claims against potential case proceeds?	☐ Yes ☐ No					
10. Are the parties likely to interact in the future?	☐ Yes ☐ No					
11. Will your client be required to spend significant time away from family?	☐ Yes ☐ No					

Additional TRUTHS that must be accepted:					
Finally, having realistically evaluated your case, you must determine which mediator will maximize chances of a successful outcome. This exercise is most useful when you understand your client's personality.					
PART IV: CHOOSING THE RIGHT PROFESSIONAL NEUTRAL  You should evaluate the mediators you use on a case-by-case basis. The mediator who handled your last case may not be the right one for this dispute. Your ultimate success in any mediation may turn on your knowledge of different skill sets offered by different mediators and choosing the neutral with the right combination of skills for this case.  The ebook How to Select the Best Mediator - A Guide for Legal Professionals by Brandon S. Peters can quickly familiarize you with the different mediator approaches, styles and proficiencies. Free copies are available at www.uww-adr.com.					
1. Are your client's interests best served by a facilitative mediation approach?	☐ Yes ☐ No				
2. Are your client's interests best served by an evaluative mediation approach?	☐ Yes ☐ No				
3. Are your client's interests best served by a transformative mediation approach?	☐ Yes ☐ No				
4. Are your client's interests best served by an eclectic mediation approach?	☐ Yes ☐ No				
5. Are your client's interests best served by a minimally-involved mediator?	☐ Yes ☐ No				
6. Are your client's interests best served by a moderately-involved mediator?	☐ Yes ☐ No				
7. Are your client's interests best served by a highly-involved mediator?	☐ Yes ☐ No				
8. Are the mediator candidates capable of moving seamlessly between different approaches styles to keep the mediation process moving forward?	and Yes No				
9. Are the mediator candidates familiar with the laws governing the subject matter of your client's dispute?	☐ Yes ☐ No				
10. Do the mediator candidates have highly-refined interpersonal and communication skills?	☐ Yes ☐ No				
11. Do the mediator candidates have well-honed and creative problem-solving skills?	☐ Yes ☐ No				
12. Do the mediator candidates have a reputation for paying attention to details with a thorou that leaves no possibilities off the table?	ighness Yes No				
13. Do the mediator candidates have state-of-the-art negotiating skills?	☐ Yes ☐ No				
14. Do the mediator candidates have the ability to disassemble a controversy and reframe ind issues to develop better understanding among the parties?	lividual				
15. Are the mediator candidates known for dealing effectively with difficult clients?	☐ Yes ☐ No				
Additional MEDIATOR QUALITIES necessary for this case:					



Your questions or comments are always welcome. Contact BRANDON PETERS by Phone: (407) 661-1123

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Fresh copies of the S.W.O.T. Analysis for Mediation Template available at: **www.uww-adr.com**Also on the website is the popular, ready-to-use Pre-Mediation Case Summary Template that can shave many hours off the time normally required to produce such a document. Both Templates are made freely available to legal professionals.